





October 5, 2023

Via Mail and E-Mail

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Freedom of Information Act Office 500 12th Street, S.W., Stop 5009 Washington, DC 20536 ICE-FOIA@dhs.gov

RE: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST - MEDICAL CARE

Dear Freedom of Information Officer:

Robert F. Kennedy Human Rights ("RFK Human Rights"), American Civil Liberties Union of Louisiana ("ACLU-LA"), and New York Civil Liberties Union ("NYCLU") (collectively, "Requesters" or "we"), pursuant to the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552 *et seq.*, as amended, and applicable agency regulations, request copies of the records identified in the numbered paragraphs below from the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE" or "the Agency").¹

We are also requesting expedited processing for this request, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E) and agency regulations, and a fee waiver, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii). In accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(i), we expect a response to this request within 20 working days, unless otherwise permitted by statute.

Purpose of the Request

The New Orleans Immigration and Customs Enforcement Field Office (the "NOLA ICE Field Office") area of responsibility ("NOLA ICE AOR") includes Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Arkansas, and Tennessee. As of September 18, 2023, active detention facilities within the NOLA

¹ We ask that you please direct this request to all appropriate offices and components within ICE including, but not limited to: Adams County Correctional Center ("Adams County"); Winn Correctional Center ("Winn"); Central Louisiana Immigrant Processing Center ("Jena LaSalle"); Jackson Parish Correctional Center ("Jackson Parish"); South Louisiana Immigrant Processing Center ("Basile"); Richwood Correctional Center ("Richwood"); Pine Prairie Immigrant Processing Center ("Pine Prairie"); River Correctional Center ("River"); Allen Parish Public Safety Complex ("Allen Parish"); Alexandria Staging Facility; New Orleans Field Office Enforcement and Removal Operations; Office of Detention Policy and Planning; Detention Standards Compliance Unit, Detention Management Division; Segregation Review Coordinator; Detention Service Managers ("DSM"); Custody Management Division ("CMD"); ICE Health Service Corps ("IHSC"); Facility Administrators that report to the New Orleans Field Office; and the Detention Monitoring Council ("DMC").

ICE AOR detain an average of 5,401 people.² The documented human rights and civil rights abuses within the ICE detention facilities under the purview of the NOLA ICE Field Office have generated public interest and concern in recent years. Although reports of human rights abuses and violations are common in ICE detention,³ the culture of abuse and rampant legal impunity within the NOLA ICE AOR have set it apart.⁴ Through years of advocacy on behalf of clients and other detained people, Requesters and others have documented systemic abuses within all 10 active facilities under the NOLA ICE Field Office, including reports of torture, physical abuse, threats of violence, anti-Black racism, threatened and deployed solitary confinement, deprivation of basic human necessities including life-saving medical care, and retaliation in response to reported grievances. The facilities' egregious conditions of confinement and unsafe release practices have led to serious injury and even death.

Due to the lack of transparency in ICE's operations, even advocates and attorneys who work closely with detained individuals describe ICE's practices in the NOLA ICE AOR as a "black box." This FOIA request is necessary to bring transparency to the Agency's activities in the NOLA ICE AOR that are otherwise nearly entirely hidden from public view.

Requesters regularly witness and hear from individuals detained in NOLA ICE Field Office facilities about ICE's violations of its statutory obligations, its contractual obligations, its constitutional obligations, its obligations under international human rights and refugee law, and its obligations under its own standards to "improve safety, security and conditions of

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² See Transactional Records Access Clearinghouse, Detention Facilities Average Daily Population, https://trac.syr.edu/immigration/detentionstats/facilities.html.

³ See, e.g., Chris Rickerd & Cristina Velez, National Immigration Project, Complaints Ignored, Abuses Excused: Why the Department of Homeland Security's Internal Accountability Mechanisms Must Be Reformed (Sirine Shebaya ed., Apr. 21, 2021), https://nipnlg.org/sites/default/files/2023-03/2021_27Apr_ice-report.pdf; Eunice Hyunhye Cho, ACLU National Prison Project & Joanna Naples-Mitchell, Physicians for Human Rights, Behind Closed Doors: Abuse and Retaliation Against Hunger Strikers in U.S. Immigration Detention (2021),

 $https://www.aclu.org/sites/default/files/field_document/aclu_phr_behind_closed_doors_final_1.pdf.$

⁴ See, e.g., Letter to The Honorable Alejandro Mayorkas, Secretary, United States Department of Homeland Security, *Unchecked Human Rights and Civil Rights Abuses Systemic within the New Orleans ICE Field Office Area of Responsibility* (Dec. 20, 2021),

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5a33042eb078691c386e7bce/t/61c0b47c15319f67d4045ca3/1640019069450/12%3A20%3A21+DHS+NOLA+ICE+Investigation+Follow-Up+Letter+%282%29.pdf.

⁵ In August 2021, following over 200 allegations since 2021 by advocates and attorneys, the Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") Office of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties ("CRCL") launched an unprecedented investigation into the entire NOLA ICE AOR. To date, CRCL has not released the findings of this investigation. See Letter from DHS CRCL to Tae D. Johnson and Kerry E. Doyle, ICE's Oversight of the New Orleans Field Office, Complaint Nos. 001278-21-ICE, 000993-21-ICE, 002483-21-ICE, 002240-21-ICE, 000101-21-ICE, 000102-21-ICE, 000890-21-ICE, 001523-21-ICE, 002407-21-ICE, 000377-21-ICE, and 000667-21-ICE (Dec. 7, 2021), https://www.dhs.gov/sites/default/files/2022-08/2021.12.07%20CRCL%20Retention%20Memo%

²⁰to%20ICE%20-%20Oversight%20of%20New%20Orleans%20AOR%20-%20Redacted 508.pdf.

confinement for detainees" ("Performance-Based National Detention Standards" or "PBNDS").6 These violations include inadequate medical care and lack of accommodation for individuals with physical and mental health disabilities, including a pattern and practice of delaying and denying people necessary medical and psychological care while in detention.

The NOLA ICE Field Office has allowed medical abuse to remain unchecked in its facilities, including the denial of medical care and reckless exposure to infectious diseases such as COVID-19. Individuals held at NOLA ICE detention centers have reported waiting days or weeks to see a doctor or nurse, and failing to receive necessary medications. For example, throughout 2020, ICE and Pine Prairie staff blatantly deprived a Southern Poverty Law Center ("SPLC") client of essential treatment for serious liver disease despite the urgent need for care identified by an outside physician and provided in writing to ICE, resulting in permanent damage.⁷ Likewise, in 2020, ICE and Allen Parish staff deprived an SPLC client of essential treatment for hypertension. A doctor secured by SPLC concluded that this client had palpitations and headaches in the setting of hypertension that went undiagnosed, unevaluated, and untreated by Allen Parish for a year and a half.⁸ In December 2020, as supported by DHS Office of the Inspector General ("OIG") findings, a man with a history of hypertension died as a result of medical neglect at Adams County after requesting medical attention due to chest pains.⁹

In addition to life-threatening medical neglect, several individuals detained in NOLA ICE facilities have also reported experiencing egregious violence while attempting to seek medical care. For example, in 2020 one SPLC client reported torture and physical abuse during hospitalization, including heavy shackling that impeded her ability to breathe (and ultimately her treatment) during a hospital visit.¹⁰

Requesters include national and local immigrant rights advocates and organizations that provide legal representation to individuals detained at the NOLA ICE Field Office facilities. Requesters work closely with people detained at these facilities and advocate alongside them. Knowledge of the conditions in which they are held are relevant for Requesters' representation of people detained at the NOLA ICE Field Office facilities and for Requesters' advocacy efforts to ensure the rights of people detained at these facilities are respected. Requesters have a vested interest in the conditions in which their clients and community members are held.

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⁶ ICE Detention Standards, Immigration and Customs Enforcement (Feb. 24, 2023), https://www.ice.gov/factsheets/facilities-pbnds.

⁷ Southern Poverty Law Center, Civil Rights Complaint Re: Call for U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) to End Contracts due to Abusive, Inhumane, Criminal, and Racially Discriminatory Practices at Pine Prairie ICE Processing Center and Allen Parish Public Safety Complex, Louisiana, (July 28, 2021), https://www.splcenter.org/sites/default/files/28 july 2021 complaint and call to close pine prairie and allen parish.pdf [Hereinafter "SPLC, Civil Rights Complaint"]. ⁸ *Id*.

⁹ Department of Homeland Security, Office of Inspector General, Violations of ICE Detention Standards at Adams County Correctional Center, OIG-21-46, (July 14, 2021). https://www.oig.dhs.gov/sites/default/files/assets/2021-07/OIG-21-46-Jul21.pdf.

¹⁰ SPLC, Civil Rights Complaint.

Requesters urgently seek information on the federal government's policies, directives, and actions relating to the medical treatment and accommodations for immigrants at the NOLA ICE facilities. The public has a right to know what happens in the "black box" of ICE custody in their region. The disclosure of the information sought below will contribute to "public understanding of the operations or activities of the government," 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii), and provide the public with information necessary to engage in the democratic process and public debate regarding the use of ICE detention in the NOLA region. Disclosure would thus be "in the public interest. 28 C.F.R. § 16.10(k); see also 6 C.F.R. § 5.11(k)(1)(i).

Definitions

The records request below incorporates the following definitions:

"Contract" or "Government Contract" refers to any agreement or modification thereof between any contracting agency and any person or entity for the purchase, sale, or use of personal property or nonpersonal services.

"Contractor" refers to any person or entity holding, or who has ever held or sought to hold, a Government Contract as defined in 41 CFR § 60-1.3. Any reference herein to a specific contractor or a contractor in general also refers to any division, subsidiary, or affiliate thereof and to their employees.

"Detain" or "Detention" refers to the act of ICE, whether by Agency personnel or a third party at the direction of ICE or Agency personnel, taking an individual into the custody of the United States government based on purported violations of the Immigration and Nationality Act, including but not limited to placement in a local or state jail or prison, including through Intergovernmental Service Agreement facilities, 287(g) agreements, private facilities, and federal facilities.

"Facility" or "ICE Facility" refers to any physical location where individuals are held pursuant to ICE Custody.

"New Orleans Field Office" refers to the geographical area that ICE considers within the "area of responsibility" or jurisdiction of the ICE New Orleans Field Office. ICE detention facilities including Adams County, Winn, Jena LaSalle, Jackson Parish, Basile, Richwood, Pine Prairie, River, Allen Parish, and the Alexandria Staging Facility are located within the New Orleans Field Office.

"Grievance" refers to any formal or informal complaint made by or on behalf of a detained person, or regarding the behavior of ICE Personnel or conditions at a NOLA ICE facility, whether submitted to a NOLA ICE facility Personnel or other government or nongovernment actors. For each grievance record requested, we also request records regarding any Agency investigation of, and response to, the grievance.

"Personnel" refers to an individual employed by an organization or authorized to act on behalf of an organization, including employees, Contractors, Contractors' employees, agents, or representatives.

"Record" refers to any information in electronic, written, and/or printed form that is in ICE's constructive possession, directly or indirectly, regardless of where or how the information originated or where or how ICE received it, encompassing but not limited to any information in the custody of any Contractors for purposes of information management for ICE, and including but not limited to: messaging communications between phones or other electronic devices, including but not limited to communications sent via short message service ("SMS"), multimedia message service ("MMS"), or any other messaging service, via Blackberry Messenger, iMessage, WhatsApp, Facebook, Signal, G-Chat, Instagram direct message, Twitter direct message, Slack, and/or any other messaging and communications platform; emails, letters, faxes, and/or any other form of correspondence; minutes and/or notes of meetings and/or phone calls; voicemail messages; images, video, and/or audio data; social media posts; calendar entries; files and their contents, including any notes; logs, spreadsheets, worksheets, and/or coversheets; database entries, analyses of data; metadata; investigations, reports, studies, and/or reviews; internal memoranda; contracts, agreements, and/or memoranda of understanding, including but not limited to intergovernmental services agreements; presentations, formal or informal; training criteria, standards, evaluations, and/or materials; orders, directives, and/or instructions; legal opinions and/or memoranda; policies, procedures, protocols, and/or manuals; guidance and/or guidelines; bulletins, advisories, and/or alerts; as well as any reproductions thereof that differ in any way from any other reproduction, such as copies containing notations, drafts, and revisions.

"Training Materials" refers to all Records used to instruct, guide, or otherwise prepare Personnel for any aspect of their employment or contract including, but not limited to, electronic records.

In requesting "policies" and "guidance," the Requesters seek national policies and guidance, as well as policies and guidance specific to a facility or the New Orleans Field Office, in any format, including memoranda. However, Requesters do not refer to or seek copies of the Performance-Based National Detention Standards, unless annotated or incorporated in another record.

In requesting "correspondence" and "Communications," the Requesters seek any record of written correspondence or verbal correspondence, whether formal or informal, in any format, including intra-Agency, inter-Agency correspondence, and Agency correspondence with third parties. The date range for all searches should be understood to commence with each provided start date and to end on the date the search for documents responsive to that request is commenced by the Agency. *See Ferguson v. U.S. Dep't of Educ.*, 2011 WL 4089880, at *11 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 13, 2011) (commencement date of agency's search was reasonable cut-off date).

Request for Information

Provision of Adequate Medical Care

- 1. All Records created since January 1, 2021, including data in any database disaggregated by national origin and race of detained individuals or, if not available, in aggregate, reflecting or describing:
 - a. The response time for requests for "sick call" health care services (including mental health and dental services) or medical assistance;
 - b. Any denials of medical care following notification to the facility administrator that a person's medical or mental health needs require special consideration in such matters as housing, transfer, or transportation, per PBNDS § 4.3(II)(13);
 - c. Any denials of medical care following notification to the Field Office Director that an individual has a serious physical or mental illness, is pregnant, or has medical complications related to advanced age, per PBNDS § 4.3(V)(X);
 - d. Failures or material deficiencies in connection with the provision of a medical care summary and 7-30 day supply of any prescribed medications for individuals released or transferred out of the facility;
 - e. The use of psychiatric medication as a form of sedation;
 - f. Any Grievances related to a detained person's medical care or lack of adequate medical care including date of the Grievance, nature of the Grievance, date(s) of response(s), and resolution of the Grievance; and
 - g. Any Grievances related to the prescription of psychiatric medication or the dosage thereof and the resolution of any such Grievances.
- 2. All Records created since January 1, 2021 concerning Communications to, or among, ICE Personnel encouraging, instructing, or discussing the need to prevent, discourage, or delay detained individuals from requesting "sick call" health care services (including mental health and dental services).
- 3. All Records created since January 1, 2021 reflecting or describing a Health Service Administrator's internal review and quality assurance relating to corrective action plans, investigation of Grievances, review of deaths, suicide attempts, and illness outbreaks, pursuant to PBNDS § 4.3(V)(EE)(2).
- 4. All Records created since January 1, 2021 reflecting or describing minutes from Quarterly Administrative Meetings pursuant to PBNDS § 4.3(V)(EE)(1).
- 5. All Records reflecting or describing the staffing plan, pursuant to PBNDS § 4.3(V)(B), in place on or after January 1, 2021, and compliance with, or failure to comply with, the staffing plan during that period, including the lengths that medical, psychiatric, and counseling positions remained unfulfilled.
- 6. All Records reflecting or describing all medical/psychiatric alerts active on or after January 1, 2021.

Accommodations and Care for Individuals with Mental and Physical Disabilities

7. All Records reflecting formal or informal policies in effect on or after January 1, 2021 regarding:

- a. Any and all processes for determining whether an individual has a qualified disability (mental or physical) or chronic medical condition (mental or physical) upon intake;
- b. Any and all processes for determining whether an individual has a qualified disability (mental or physical) or chronic condition at any point after intake;
- c. Any and all processes by which an individual is designated as having a "special vulnerability" as defined in ICE Directive 11065.1 § 3.3; and
- d. Any and all processes by which facilities determine what constitutes a "serious medical illness" as reflected in ICE Directive 11065.1 § 3.3.
- 8. All Records created since January 1, 2021, including data in any database disaggregated by national origin and race of detained individuals or, if not available, in the aggregate, regarding:
 - a. Reports to the NOLA ICE Field Office of the Detention of individuals with cognitive, intellectual, or developmental disabilities, or communication or mobility impairments;
 - b. Formal and informal requests for accommodations and dispositions of such requests, including dates of requests and outcomes of adjudication;
 - c. Accommodations for individuals with disabilities (mental or physical) that require ICE approval, including (i) the date the request for accommodation was made, (ii) the date the request for accommodation was approved by the multidisciplinary committee, (iii) the date the accommodation was authorized or not authorized by ICE, and (iv) the date the accommodation was actually provided to the individual, if provided;
 - d. Any removal by ICE Personnel of a detained person's mobility aid such as a crutch, cane, or wheelchair, or other medical device or disability aid, and the basis for removal:
 - e. Any provision of a chair or other object in lieu of a wheelchair, or other medical device such as a cane, for the purpose of moving between areas such as the unit and showers; and
 - f. Any Grievances filed by a detained individual, ICE Personnel, or third parties related to the provision of adequate accommodations for mental or physical health conditions or disabilities, the date such Grievance was made, the date such Grievance was resolved and the outcome of the resolution.
- 9. Records sufficient to show what training ICE Personnel receive related to disability and reasonable accommodations from January 1, 2021, including any Training Materials.

Format of Production

The Requesters request that responsive documents and materials be produced *in their entirety*, including all attachments, enclosures, hyperlinks and internal links, and exhibits. If it is determined that a document contains material or information that falls within a statutory exemption to mandatory disclosure under FOIA, the Requesters ask that such material or information be reviewed for possible discretionary disclosure, consistent with the presumption of

openness codified in the Freedom of Information Act Improvement Act of 2016, Pub. L. 114-185, 130 Stat. 538.

Please search for responsive records regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics, and including electronic records. Please provide the requested documents in the following format:

Please search for responsive Records regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics, and including electronic Records. Please provide the requested documents as follows:

- Data Records in native format when possible (e.g., Excel spreadsheets in Excel);
- Other Records in PDF format when possible;
- Electronically searchable when possible;
- Email attachments provided in sequential order following the email, to preserve the "parent-child" relationship, such that Requesters are able to identify which documents were the attachments to which emails;
- Email parents include BCC and any other hidden fields; and
- Other metadata preserved for all Records.

Please furnish all applicable Records in electronic format as specified above via email to: Sarah Decker at decker@rfkhumanrights.org and Sarah Gillman at gillman@rfkhumanrights.org.

Expedited Processing

We request expedited treatment for this FOIA request. This request qualifies for expedited treatment pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E) and applicable regulations. As demonstrated above, there is a "compelling need" for expedited processing sought by the Requesters. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(i)(I). The lack of expedited disclosure of records could "reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(I); 6 C.F.R. § 5.5(d)(l)(i). Moreover, there exists a clear "urgency to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal Government activity." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II); see also 6 C.F.R. § 5.5(e)(l)(ii) (Expedited processing is warranted where there is "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity."). The Requesters are therefore entitled to expedited processing of this request.

Fee Waiver Request

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii), the Requesters apply for a fee waiver. FOIA and applicable agency regulations require fees to be waived when it is determined, based upon the submission of the requester, that the information is "likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of the operations or activities of the government and is not primarily in the commercial interest of the requester." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii); see also 5 C.F.R. § 5.11(k)(1) (permitting fee waiver when "disclosure of the requested information is in the public interest" and "is not primarily in the commercial interest of the requester"); 28 C.F.R. § 16.10(k) ("Requesters may seek a waiver of fees by . . . demonstrating how disclosure of the requested information is in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public

understanding of the operations or activities of the government and is not primarily in the commercial interest of the requester.").

Requesters are non-profit organizations that advocate alongside individuals detained at facilities in the New Orleans ICE Field Office. Access to this information is crucial for the Requesters and the communities they serve to evaluate immigration enforcement actions in their communities, including the conditions of confinement and protocols for detention, confinement and release, and their potential detrimental effects in their communities.

RFK HR

RFK HR is a non-partisan, not-for-profit organization that advocates for human rights issues and pursues strategic litigation to hold governments accountable for human rights abuses, including by pursuing immigrants' rights and anti-detention advocacy and litigation. RFK HR is committed to transparency, government accountability, and education. Obtaining information about government activity, analyzing that information, and widely publishing and disseminating it to the press and the public is a critical and substantial component of RFK HR's work. RFK HR regularly publishes in-depth analysis of current events affecting human rights and disseminates information to expose injustice. RFK HR disseminates content through its website—https://rfkhumanrights.org/—and by publishing reports, issuing press releases, and making public statements that reach thousands.

ACLU-LA

ACLU-LA is a not-for-profit organization that works to advance and preserve the individual rights and liberties guaranteed by the Constitution and laws of the United States and the State of Louisiana in matters that affect civil liberties and human rights, including the rights of prisoners and immigrants. ACLU-LA is committed to principles of transparency and accountability in government and seeks to ensure that the American public is informed about the conduct of its government in matters that affect civil liberties and human rights. Obtaining information about government activity, analyzing that information, and widely publishing and disseminating it to the press and the public is a critical and substantial component of the ACLU-LU's work. ACLU-LA regularly issues press releases to call attention to documents obtained through FOIA requests, as well as other civil liberties-related current events. ACLU-LA also publishes "know your rights" materials designed to educate the public about immigrants' rights. ACLU-LU disseminates content through its website—https://www.laaclu.org/—and quarterly newsletters received by thousands of subscribers.

<u>NYCLU</u>

NYCLU is the New York State affiliate of the ACLU. NYCLU is a not-for-profit organization that is committed to ensuring that the U.S. government complies with the Constitution and laws of this country in matters that affect civil liberties and human rights. NYCLU is committed to principles of transparency and accountability, and seeks to ensure that the public is informed about the conduct of the U.S. government in matters that affect civil liberties and human rights. Obtaining information about governmental activity, analyzing that information, and widely

publishing and disseminating it to the press and the public is a critical and substantial component of NYCLU's work. To inform the public about government conduct affecting legal rights, NYCLU publishes newsletters, press releases, and know-your-rights handbooks. NYCLU publications are publicly available for no cost or for a nominal fee. NYCLU also disseminates information through its website—www.nyclu.org—and through an electronic newsletter, which is received by thousands of subscribers.

The Requesters will make any information that they receive from these requests available to the public, including the press, at no cost. As detailed above, the conditions of immigrants detained in the NOLA ICE AOR is of significant public interest. The Requesters have undertaken this work in the public interest and not for any private commercial interest. Access to this information is necessary for the public to meaningfully evaluate the consequences of federal immigration policies and the operations of immigration detention facilities in their communities to which the public has no other way of gaining visibility. The Government must waive or, at minimum, reduce any fees because the Requesters have no commercial interest in the requested information. They request this information to educate the public regarding the Government's operations and activities. See 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii).

If a fee waiver is not granted, Requesters in the alternative ask for a limitation of processing fees pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(ii)(II) ("[F]ees shall be limited to reasonable standard charges for document duplication when records are not sought for commercial use and the request is made by . . . a representative of the news media."). See also 6 C.F.R. § 5.11(d)(1) ("No search fees will be charged for requests by . . . representatives of the news media, unless the records are sought for a commercial use.").

Conclusion

Thank you for your consideration of this request. There is an urgent need to inform the public of the policies and practices with respect to detained individuals' access to, and the adequacy of, medical care, and the availability of necessary accommodations for detained individuals with disabilities, in immigration detention centers in the NOLA ICE AOR, where egregious treatment of immigrants in ICE custody has resulted and will continue to result in constitutional rights violations, public health risks, and even death. This information will assist advocates defending the rights of detained people in the NOLA ICE facilities.

If this request is denied in whole or part, the Requesters ask that ICE justify all deletions or redactions by reference to specific exemptions of FOIA. The Requesters expect ICE to release all segregable portions of otherwise exempt material, and reserve the right to appeal a decision to withhold any records or to deny Requesters' application for waiver of fees.

We look forward to your reply to the request for expedited processing within 10 business days, as required under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(ii)(I). Notwithstanding your decision on the matter of expedited processing, we look forward to your reply to the records request within 20 business days, as required under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(I). In the event the Government is unable to

meet that deadline, the Requesters are willing to discuss an appropriate schedule for rolling productions.

If you have any questions regarding the processing of this request, please contact Sarah Decker at 908-967-3245 or decker@rfkhumanrights.org, or Sarah Gillman at 646-289-5593 or gillman@rfkhumanrights.org.

Certification

The Requesters certify that the above information is true and correct to the best of the Requesters' knowledge. See 6 C.F.R. § 5.5(e)(3).

Sincerely,

Sarah Decker, Esq.
Sarah Gillman, Esq.

Robert F. Kennedy Human Rights

Nora Ahmed, Esq. ACLU of Louisiana

Amy Belsher, Esq. New York Civil Liberties Union